Tutorials this week

- Linear algebra and all that jazz
 Matrices
 - Vectors

Can be missed if your maths is OK...
Might still be useful as a refresher though...

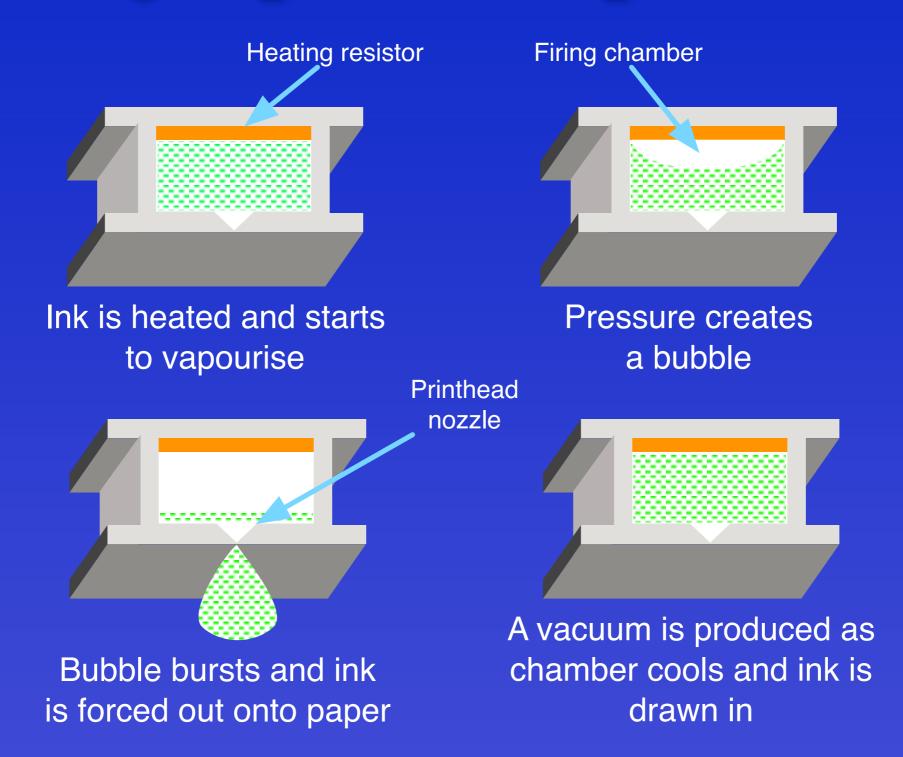
Hardware for graphics

 Printers Inkjet, laser Screens • CRT (!), LCD, plasma, projectors Emerging technology • 3D: headsets, glasses, ... Graphics architecture

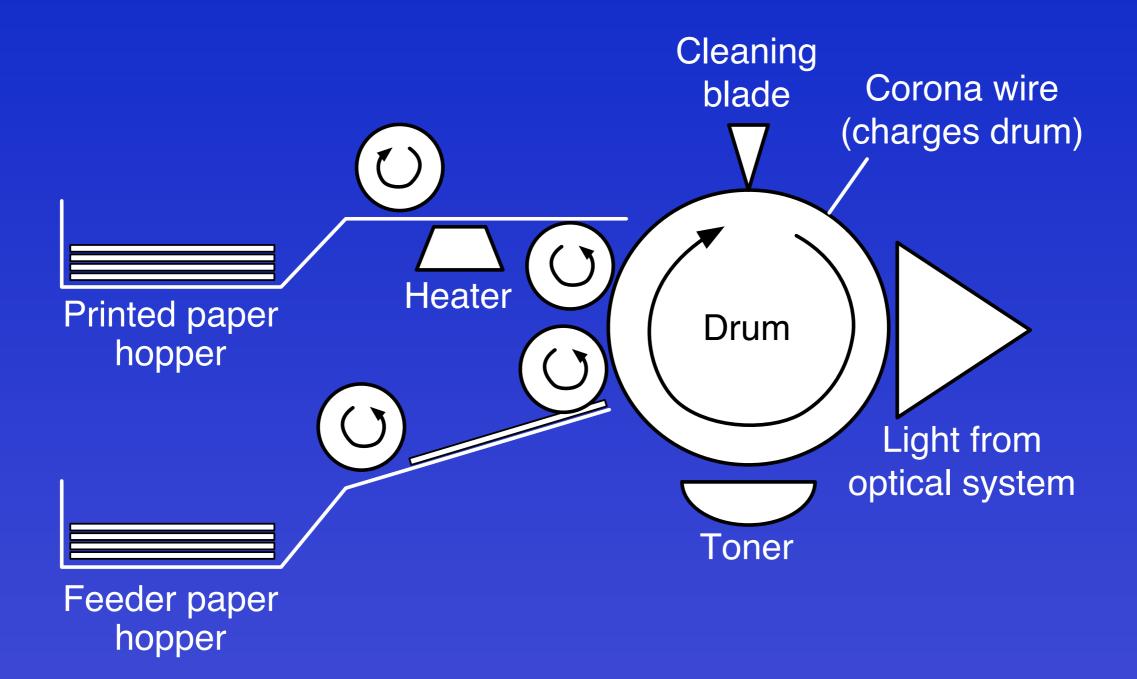
A rather large printer



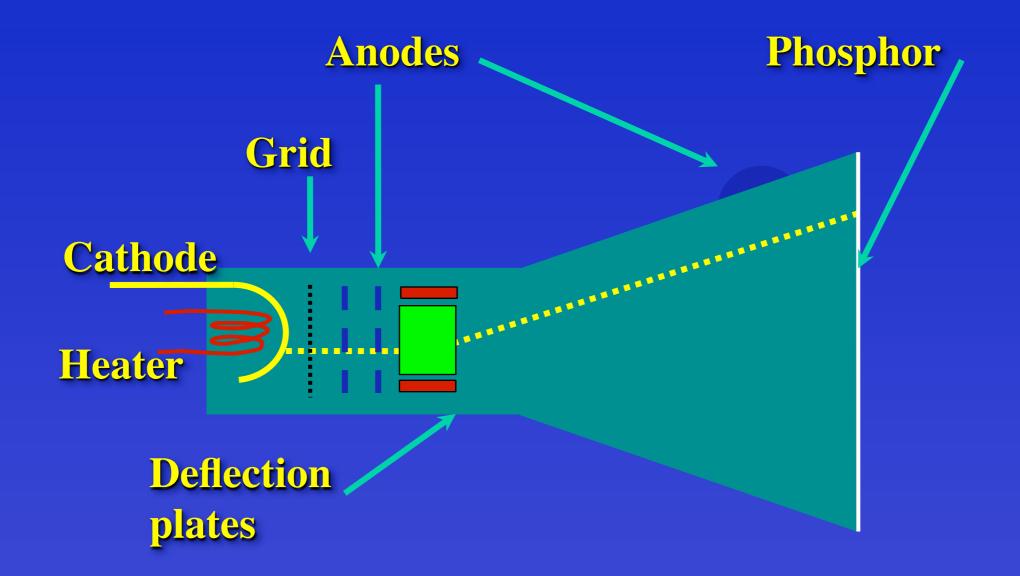
Inkjet printer operation



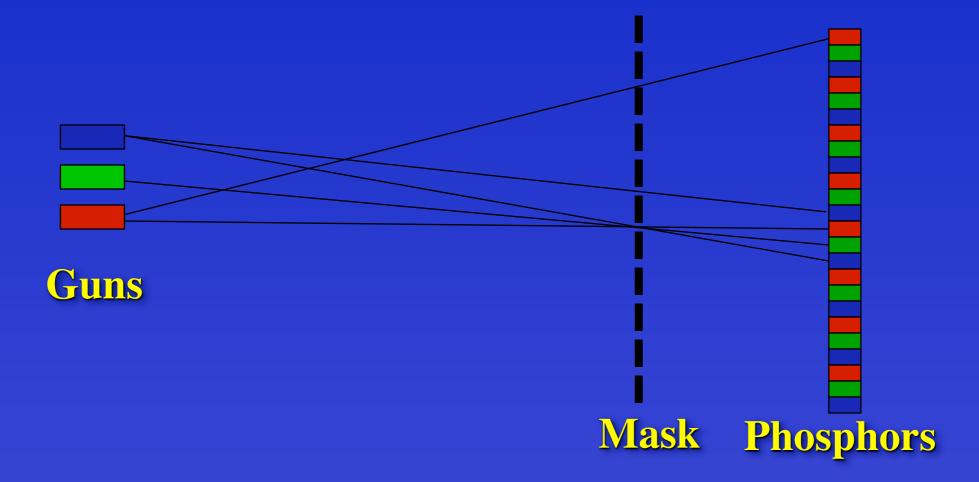
Laser printer operation



The Cathode Ray Tube

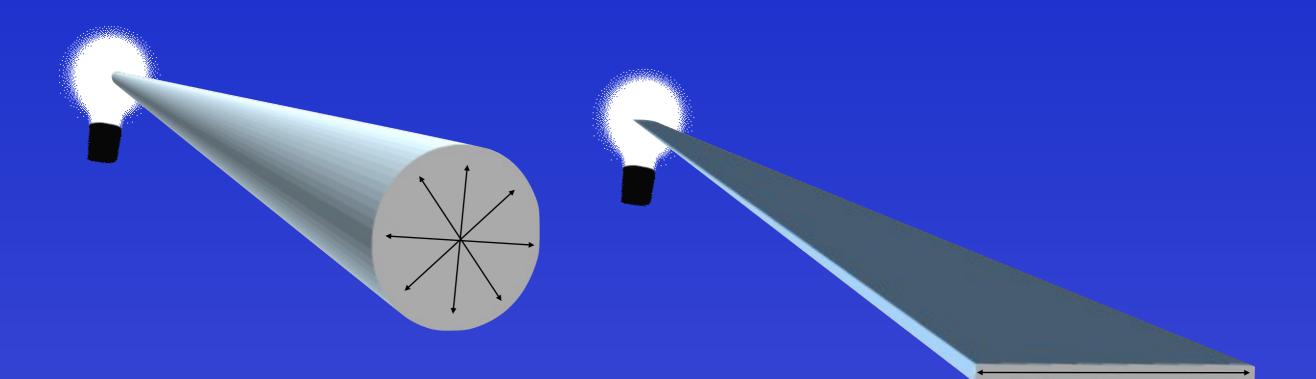


Colour CRT principle



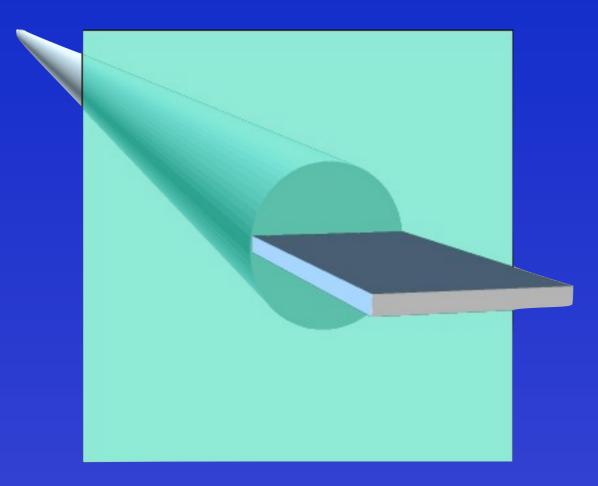
Liquid Crystal Displays

Polarised Light



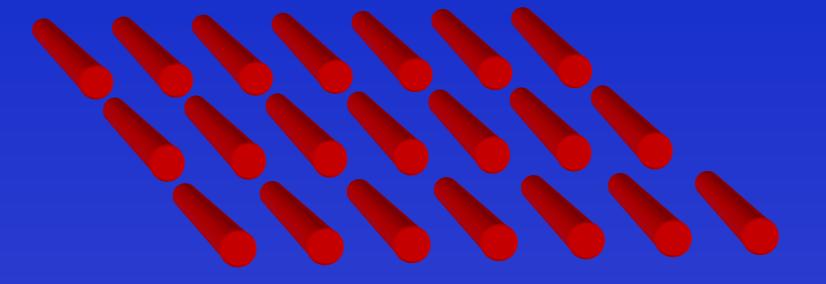
Oscillates in only one plane

Polaroid filter



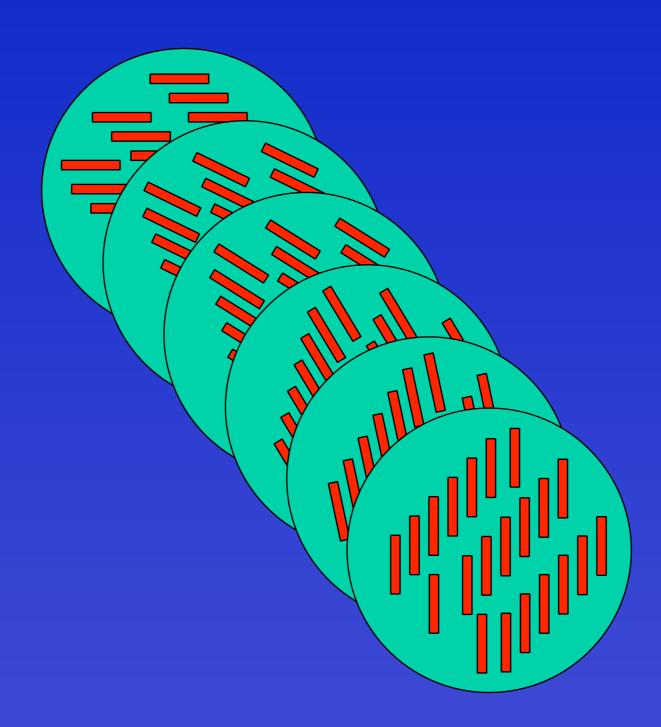
Only lets one plane through

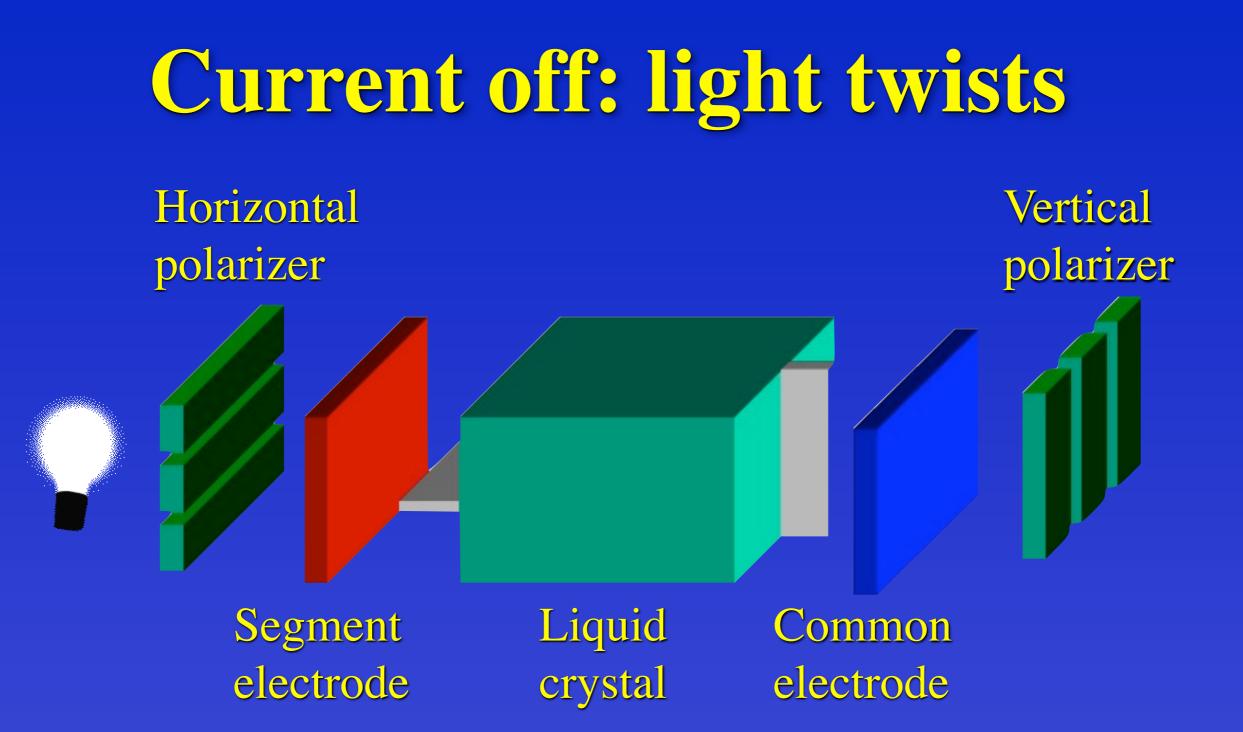
Liquid Crystal elements



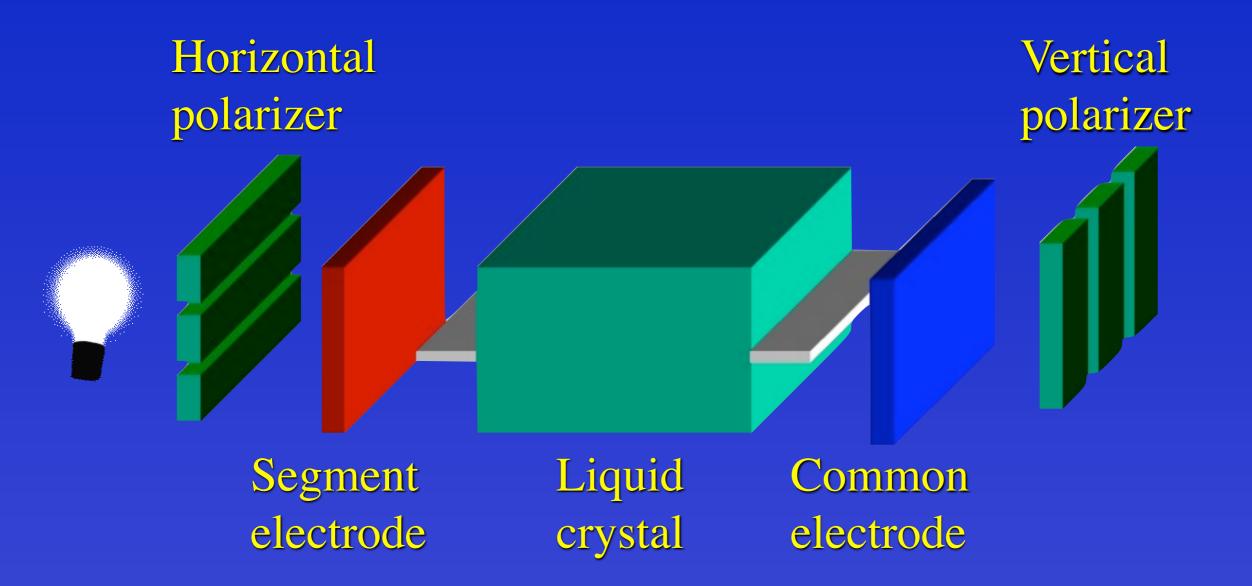
Lie aligned in each plane

Each layer twists a bit more.





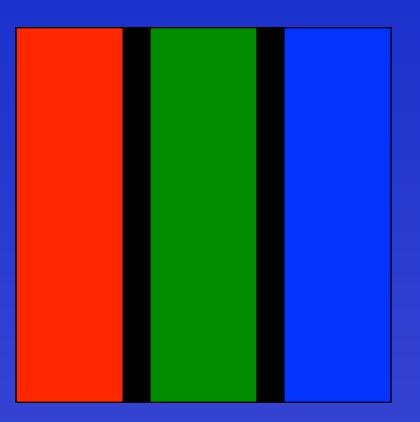
Current on: no twist



Colour LCD

 Each pixel uses three (sub-pixel) elements
 What is their arrangement?

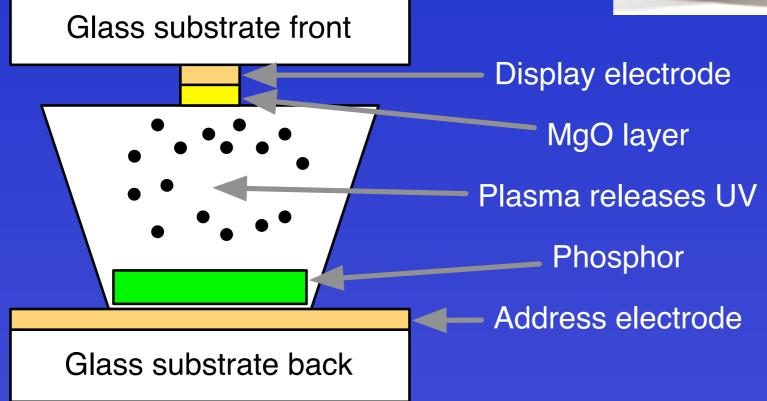
How are they addressed?
Passive grid
Active matrix (TFT)



Plasma displays

Lots of mini CRTs? Well... sort of...





Projectors

"Three gun" projectors Built using CRT technology

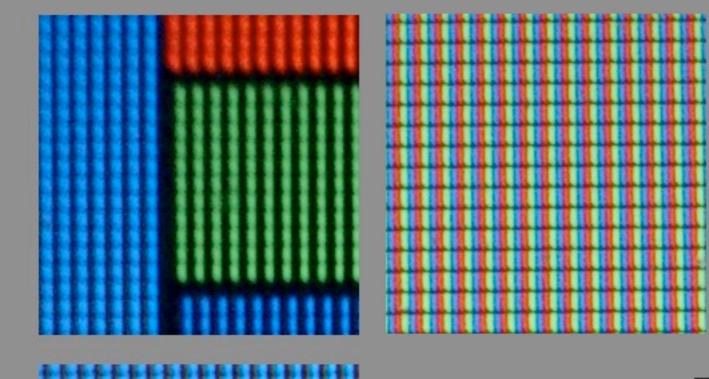
LCD projectors
 Often different colour path from flat-screens

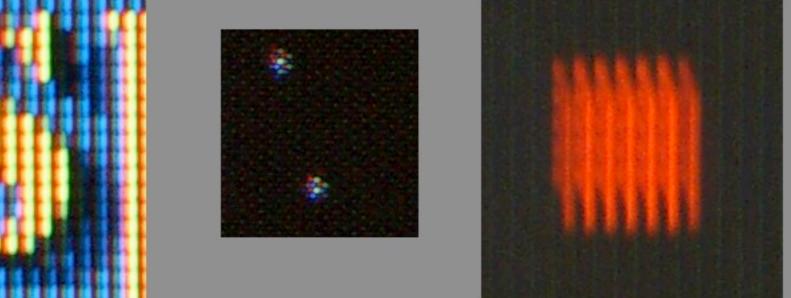
DLP projectors
 Uses micro-mirrors (3 chips or colour wheel)

Jargon: pixels

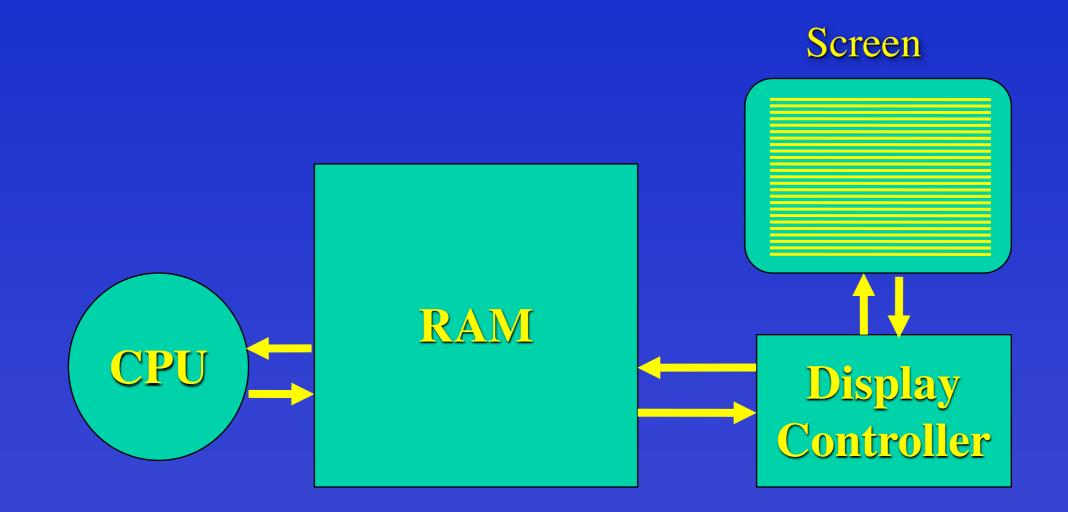
- What is a 'pixel'?
- Pixel = Picture Element

What is an alternative to using pixels?
Key distinction! Vector versus raster
Displays, printers, file formats
e.g. PDF/SVG/EMF/PS vs TIFF/PNG/JPEG





Typical raster graphics architecture



Pixels in RAM

Do pixels have to reside in RAM at all?
Character-based terminals (RAM+ROM)
Hardware overlays

Today: 24-bit or 32-bit graphics (why?)

In the past things weren't so easy!